

Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 1 of Total 6

SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
SUPPLIER:	Auto Klene Solutions Aust. Pty Ltd		
ADDRESS:	885 Mountain Highway, Bayswater,	3153 VIC	
Trade Name:	PR	PREKLENE PRESOAK HA	
TELEPHONE:	03 8761 1900	FAX:	03 8761 1955
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	1300 774 575 in Australia (M-F 7am-7pm)	Synonym:	PKPSHA
Substance:	Concentrated ALKALINE detergent	Product Use:	One Shot cleaner for bay & touchless car wash machines.
Creation Date:	May 2025	Revision Date:	MAY 2030

Classification of the substance	or mixture	
Dangerous Goods	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of	
GHS Classification	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".	
GHS Classification	Corrosive to Metals - Category 1	
	Skin Corrosion - Category 1C	
	Eye Damage - Category 1	
Poisons Schedule	S6 (Sodium Hydroxide)	
Label elements		
GHS label pictograms		
Signal word	DANGER	
Hazard statement(s)		
H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Precautionary statement(s): Ge	neral	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.	
Precautionary statement(s): Pre	evention	
P234	Keep only in original packaging.	
P260	Do not breathe spray.	
P264	Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.	
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing including eye protection.	
Precautionary statement(s): Re	sponse	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.	
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if	
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P310	Immediately call a doctor.	



Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 2 of Total 6

P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.	
Precautionary statement(s): Sto	prage	
P405	Store locked up.	
P406	Store in corrosive resistant insert appropriate compatible material container with a resistant inner liner.	
Precautionary statement(s): Disposal		
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.	
Note		
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied.	

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion (%w/w):
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	10 - 30
Ingredients determined to be non-		
hazardous at the concentrations used	various	balance
(including water)		

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES	
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air away from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.
Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion Hazards	Non-flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material may burn.	
Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use carbon dioxide (CO ₂) fire extinguisher, water fog or alcohol resistant foam or fine water spray.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	Does not flash.	
Hazchem	2R	



Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 3 of Total 6

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Wear PPE in accordance with Section 8 of this SDS. Minor spills Avoid inhalation of vapours or dust. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. As a water-based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits. If possible, contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

	SECTION / HANDLING AN	RIDLING AND STONAGE	
Handling Avoid skin or eye contact		Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure	
		occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.	
		Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with	
		water after handling. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.	
Storage Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from		Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs.	

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive as per the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION	
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia:
	Time-weighted Average (TWA):
	None established for product.
	For ingredients:
	• Sodium Hydroxide: 2 mg/m³ (peak)
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

None established for product.

For ingredients:

None allocated

Ventilation	No specia
Personal Protective	Use good
Equipment	the degree
	o c

No special requirements. Ensure adequate ventilation in use. occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon



e and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available; Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection



Wear gloves of impervious material such as nitrile - to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.



Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 4 of Total 6

Body Protection

Aspiration Hazard



Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

Respirator

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Slightly-viscous liquid	Colour	Orange
Odour	Amine	Specific Gravity	Approx. 1.1 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0 °C
Vapour Pressure	2.37 @ 20 °C	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Non-flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	Approx 14 (neat)

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Reacts violently with acids. Corrosive to metals.
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatibilities	Acids. Ammonium salts. Metals.
Hazardous	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. Contact with
Decomposition metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation and Inhalation possible burns. Exposure to high concentrations of the product in liquid form or as a mist may lead to possible harmful irritation effects. Skin contact Contact with skin may cause irritation and possible burns. Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure. Eye contact A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury. Swallowing may result in nausea, irritation and possible burns. Ingestion Chronic exposure Causes burns to skin and eyes. **Toxicology Information** Not toxic, based on ingredient calculated values. **Carcinogen Status** SWA No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA. **Respiratory Sensitisation** Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. **Skin Sensitisation** Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Germ cell mutagenicity Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard. **Reproductive Toxicity** Not considered to be toxic to reproduction. **STOT-single exposure** Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ. **STOT-repeated exposure** Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.



Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 5 of Total 6

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Eco-toxicity	Expected to be harmful to aquatic life.	
Product		
Persistence and	No information.	
degradability	NO IIIOIIIIatioii.	
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.	
Mahilityingail	Due to its physicochemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to	
Mobility in soil	the aquatic compartment.	
Other adverse effects	Not available	
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.	

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains	
	or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including	
	emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all	
	applicable local and national regulations.	

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT	INFORMATION
ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
Marine Pollutant	No
Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	1719
Proper Shipping Name	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
Class	8
HAZCHEM Code	2R
Packing Group	III
ERG	37
Limited Quantity	5L
Segregation	Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), radioactive substances (Class 7) or food and food packaging in any quantity. Note 1: Concentrated strong alkalis are incompatible with concentrated strong acids. Exemptions may apply.

SECTION 15 – REGULATOR	Y INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S6 (Sodium Hydroxide)
ADG Code	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of
	Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS



Product Name: PREKLENE PRESOAK HA

Date of Issue: MAY 2025 Page 6 of Total 6

Issue Date	MAY 2025
Version Number	V7: regular review
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HCIS: Hazardous Chemical Information System
	SWA: Safe Work Australia.
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safe Work Australia
	Australian Code for The Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
	HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this produc
	and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or contr the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of ho
	the conditions didder which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this 303 in the context of no the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensur
	that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.