

Product Name: MAGIC WHEELS

Date of Issue: JULY 2023

Page 1 of Total 6

SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

SUPPLIER:	Auto Klene Solutions Aust. Pty Ltd		
ADDRESS:	885 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, 3153 VIC		
Trade Name:	MAGIC WHEELS		
TELEPHONE:	03 8761 1900	FAX:	03 8761 1955
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	1300 774 575 in Australia (M-F 7am-7pm)	Synonym:	MAGW
Substance:	Water-based detergent	Product Use:	Acidic cleaner for brake dust removal on wheels
Creation Date:	July 2023	Revision Date:	July 2028

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Dangerous Goods	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
GHS Classification	Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4 Skin Corrosion - Category 1B Eye Damage - Category 1
Poisons Schedule	S6 (Oxalic Acid)

Label elements

GHS label pictograms	
Signal word	DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s): General

P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P260	Do not breathe mists.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and face protection.

Precautionary statement(s): Response

P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P312	Call a Poison Centre if you feel unwell.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P310	Immediately call a doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Precautionary statement(s): Storage	
P405	Store locked up.
Precautionary statement(s): Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.
Note	
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion (%w/w):
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	10-30
Lauryl alcohol, ethoxylated	9002-92-0	< 10
Proprietary Non DG Ingredients		balance

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air away from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.
Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g., doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards	Non-flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material may burn.
Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use water spray or fog, foam, dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Fire Fighting	Keep any containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.
Flash Point	Does not flash.
Hazchem	2X

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Wear PPE in accordance with Section 8 of this SDS. Minor spill: Avoid inhalation of mists and contact with skin and eyes. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

Major spill: Prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. If possible, contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable, labelled container. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. To avoid chemical reaction, always add material to water and never water to material. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with water after handling. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Store locked up. Do not use aluminum or galvanised containers. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive as per the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safe Work Australia:

Time-weighted Average (TWA):

None established for product.

For ingredients:

- Oxalic acid: 1 mg/m³

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

None established for product.

For ingredients:

- Oxalic acid: 2 mg/m³

Ventilation

No special requirements. Ensure adequate ventilation in use.

Personal Protective Equipment

Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;

Eye Protection



Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection



Wear gloves of impervious material such as PVC – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e., methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection 	Suitable protective workwear, e.g., rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. A chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure, then an approved respirator with a replaceable mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid	Colour	Clear green
Odour	Not available	Specific Gravity	1.19 @ 25°C
Boiling Point	Approximately 100°C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0°C
Vapour Pressure	2 @ 20°C	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Non-flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	pH	2.5 @ 1%

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Contact with alkaline material liberates heat. Reacts with mild steel, galvanised steel, zinc.
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Avoid strong bases and chlorinated products.
Incompatibilities	Alkalis, oxidising agents, chlorinated products and chemicals readily decomposed by acids (i.e., cyanides, sulfides, carbonates).
Hazardous Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation	Inhalation of oxalic acid mists can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation and possible burns. Exposure to high concentrations of the product in liquid form or as a mist may lead to possible severe burns.
Skin contact	Contact with skin may cause chemical burns. Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure.
Eye contact	A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.
Ingestion	Swallowing may result in nausea, irritation and possible burns within the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract.
Toxicology Information	Non-toxic, based on ingredient calculated values.
Carcinogen Status	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.
Respiratory Sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eco-toxicity Product	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	Not available
Bio accumulative potential	Not available
Mobility in soil	Not available
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.
--	---

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
Marine Pollutant	No
Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	1760
Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS OXALIC ACID)
Class	8
HAZCHEM Code	2X
Packing Group	II
ERG	37
Limited Quantity	1L
Segregation	Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), radioactive substances (Class 7) or food and food packaging in any quantity. Note 1: Concentrated strong acids are incompatible with concentrated strong alkalis. Exemptions may apply.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S6 (Oxalic Acid)
ADG Code	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date	July 2023
Version Number	V9: regular review
Abbreviations and acronyms	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. HCIS: Hazardous Chemical Information System SWA: Safe Work Australia. SDS: Safety Data Sheet STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit. SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons. TWA: Time Weighted Average. UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia) GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia) Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations. Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) “Australian Exposure Standards”. Safe Work Australia Australian Code for The Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.
End of SDS	